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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/572,992	03/23/2006	Kouichi Ishii	F-9013	9079	
	7590 04/30/201 HAMBURG LLP	0	EXAMINER		
122 EAST 42ND STREET			PIZIALI, ANDREW T		
SUITE 4000 NEW YORK, NY 10168			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			1786		
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
			04/30/2010	PAPER	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)					
Office Action Comments	10/572,992	ISHII ET AL.					
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit					
	Andrew T. Piziali	1786					
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).							
Status							
1)⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>29 Ma</u>	arch 2010						
	action is non-final.						
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	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
closed in accordance with the practice under £	x parie Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 45	3 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims							
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1 and 3-12</u> is/are pending in the applic	cation.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) <u>7-12</u> is/are withdrawn							
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1 and 3-6</u> is/are rejected.							
· · · · ·	<u> </u>						
o) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	election requirement.						
Application Papers							
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.							
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>3/23/06 & 4/17/09</u> is/are: a)⊠ accepted or b)□ objected to by the Examiner.							
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).							
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).							
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.							
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119							
<u> </u>		(1) (6)					
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign	priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)	-(d) or (f).					
a)⊠ All b)□ Some * c)□ None of:							
1. Certified copies of the priority documents							
2. Certified copies of the priority documents	have been received in Application	on No					
Copies of the certified copies of the prior	3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage						
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).							
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.							
Attachment(s)							
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary						
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Paper No(s)/Mail Da						
B) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 5) Notice of Informal Patent Application Other:							

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DETAILED ACTION

Response to Amendment

1. The amendment filed on 3/29/2010 has been entered.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

- 2. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:
 - The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.
- 3. Claims 1 and 3-6 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention. The phrase "harmful dust" renders the claims indefinite because it is not clear what material(s) is encompassed by said limitation. Many materials are harmful to some (e.g., specific humans, plants, and/or animals) but harmless to others.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 5. Claims 1 and 3 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over USPN 3,848,296 to Rudloff in view of USPN 3,873,411 to Drelich.

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Rudloff discloses a regeneration method comprising the step of fibrillating a used fiber mass to separate the individual fibers (see entire document including column 1, lines 40-56 and column 2, lines 45-52).

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Rudloff discloses that the invention relates to nonwoven materials (column 2, lines 45-52), but Rudloff does not appear to specifically disclose that the fiber mass is a nonwoven fabric. Drelich discloses that it is known in the art to recover fibers from nonwoven fabrics (see entire document including column 1, lines 11-17). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to recover and clean a used nonwoven fabric, because it has been held to be within the general skill of a worker in the art to select a known material on the basis of its suitability and desired characteristics.

Rudloff discloses that gravity eliminates foreign bodies contained within the mass of fibers (column 1, lines 52-56), but Rudloff does not appear to mention a water washing treatment. Drelich discloses that it is known in the art to water wash a fiber mass, after removing the majority of foreign bodies, to obtain neutral pH, fluffy, and residue free fibers (see Example 1). It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to subject the fibrillated individual fibers to a water washing step, as taught by Drelich, motivated by a desire to obtain neutral pH, fluffy, and residue free fibers.

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Rudloff specifically discloses that the fiber material may be used to make nonwoven materials (column 2, lines 45-52), but Rudloff does not appear to specifically disclose using the fibrillated fibers to produce a nonwoven fabric. Drelich discloses that it is known in the fiber recovery art to use recovered fibers to produce nonwoven fabrics (column 1, lines 11-17, Example I, and Example XX). It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use the recovered fibers to make a nonwoven fabric, because the fibers are suitable for reuse and because it has been held to be within the general skill of a worker in the art to select a known material on the basis of its suitability and desired characteristics.

Regarding claim 3, the fibrillating is effected by an automatic fibrillating apparatus (see Figures and column 2, lines 4-33).

6. Claim 4 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over USPN 3,848,296 to Rudloff in view of USPN 3,873,411 to Drelich as applied to claims 1 and 3 above, and further in view of USPN 5,603,476 to Merk.

Rudloff does not appear to mention a chemical agent being adhered to the used fabric, but Merk discloses that it is known in the dust fabric art to adhere an activated carbon coating to a fabric to provide the fabric with an absorption characteristic (see entire document including column 2, lines 30-45). It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to apply an activated carbon coating to the fabric, motivated by a desire to provide the fabric with an absorption characteristic.

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7. Claims 5 and 6 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over USPN 3,848,296 to Rudloff in view of USPN 3,873,411 to Drelich as applied to claims 1 and 3 above, and further in view of USPN 6,010,785 to Kruszewski.

Rudloff discloses that the fiber mass may comprise any fibrous material, such as synthetic or natural fibrous material (column 2, lines 45-52), but Rudloff does not appear to specifically mention the use of PTFE fibers or glass fibers. Kruszewski discloses that it is known in the filter fabric art to mainly use PTFE fibers and to use glass fibers in a minor amount (see entire document including column 2, lines 16-48 and column 3, line 13 through column 4, line 7). It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to make the used fabric from any suitable fibrous material, such as PTFE fibers and glass fibers, as taught by Kruszewski, because it has been held to be within the general skill of a worker in the art to select a known material on the basis of its suitability and desired characteristics.

Response to Arguments

8. Applicant's arguments filed 3/29/2010 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

The applicant asserts (page 6 of the response filed 3/29/2010) that "Separating individual fibers from a mass of fibers is not fibrillation. Fibrillation means making fibrils, i.e., splitting or fraying fibers to produce fibrils." The examiner respectfully disagrees. Firstly, the current specification teaches that fibrillation is a treatment that separates individual fibers (e.g., see page 21). Secondly, the dictionary definition of "fibrillation" is "The forming of fibers."

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The applicant asserts that Drelich and Rudloff do not relate because the fibers of Drelich are coated or impregnated. The examiner respectfully disagrees. It has been held that a prior art reference must either be in the field of applicant's endeavor or, if not, then be reasonably pertinent to the particular problem with which the applicant was concerned, in order to be relied upon as a basis for rejection of the claimed invention. See *In re Oetiker*, 977 F.2d 1443, 24 USPQ2d 1443 (Fed. Cir. 1992). In this case, both references are in the field of applicant's endeavor which is the process of cleaning fibers.

The applicant asserts that the water washing step disclosed by Drelich is not for removing material. The examiner respectfully disagrees. Drelich clearly discloses that washing with water removes materials to separate and recover the fibers in a form suitable for recycling (column 5, lines 1-7).

It is noted that in the response filed 4/17/2009 the applicant asserted that "anything removed in Rudloff is at best a minor amount of naturally occurring matter (e.g. seeds)."

Therefore, the water washing step taught by Drelich would separate the dust from the individual fibers. It is further noted that the current specification discloses that a dust separation treatment may be carried out by water washing (paragraph bridging pages 22 and 23).

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Conclusion

9. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

10. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Andrew T. Piziali whose telephone number is (571) 272-1541. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday (8:00-4:30).

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Larry Tarazano can be reached on (571) 272-1515. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/Andrew T Piziali/ Primary Examiner, Art Unit 1786